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APPLICATION NO.	F	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/717,442		11/21/2000	Brian Edmondson	J3508(C)	1978
201	7590	10/17/2002			
UNILEVE			EXAMINER		
PATENT DI 45 RIVER R		IENT	EASHOO, MARK		
EDGEWATER, NJ 07020					
ED GE WITT	EDGEWATER, NJ 07020			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				1732	5
				DATE MAILED: 10/17/2002	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		09/717,442	EDMONDSON ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Mark Eashoo, Ph.D.	1732				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status							
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 I	<u> November 2000</u> .					
2a)□	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Th	is action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)□	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>19</u> is/are rejected.						
7) 🖂	7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>19</u> is/are objected to.						
8)⊠	8)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-19</u> are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a)☐ approved b)☐ disapproved by the Examiner.							
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:							
	1.⊠ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.							
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice 2) Notice 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal P	(PTO-413) Paper No(s)				
J.S. Patent and Tra PTO-326 (Rev		tion Summary	Part of Paper No. 5				

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 1-14, drawn to a process of forming a shaped article, classified in class 264, subclass 167.
- II. Claims 15-18, drawn to an extrusion apparatus, classified in class 425, subclass 381.
- III. Claim 19, drawn to a shaped detergent bar, classified in class 510, subclass 148.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions of groups I and II are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case, the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process such as one that does not vary the orifice during processing.

Inventions of groups I and III are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make other and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case, that the process as claimed can be used to make other and materially different product such as thermoplastic tubing/piping.

Inventions of groups II and III are related as apparatus and product made. The inventions in this relationship are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the apparatus as claimed is not an obvious apparatus for making the product and the apparatus can be used for making a different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different apparatus (MPEP § 806.05(g)). In this case, the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different apparatus such as a compression mold or injection mold.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

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During a telephone conversation with applicant's attorney, Mr. Alan A. Bornstein, on 01-OCT-2002 a provisional election was made with oral traverse to prosecute the invention of group III, claim 19. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claims 1-18 have been withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Priority

Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statement filed 20-FEB-2001 complies with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97, 1.98 and MPEP \$ 609. Accordingly, it has been placed in the application file and the information referred to therein has been considered as to the merits.

Specification

The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed.

The following title is suggested: -- SHAPED DETERGENT BAR -- .

Claim Objections

Claim 19 is objected to because of the following informalities:

Specifically, claim 19 is dependent upon a non-elected claim, as such, the claim if allowed would be indefinite because the limitations of the product are not clearly set forth. It is

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recommended that applicant amend claim 19 recite all the limitations of the claim(s) from which claim 19 depends, in claim 19.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Slocum (US Pat. 5,834,410).

Slocum teaches a shaped detergent/soap bar having a cross-sectional area that varies along at least part of its length (Figs. 5, 6, and 11).

The Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit, in *In re Thorpe*, 227 USPQ 964, held that determination of patentability in 'product-by-process' claims is based on the product itself, even though such claims are limited and defined by the process, and thus the product in such claim is unpatentable if it is the same as, or obvious from, the product of prior art, even if the prior product was made by a different process. (See MPEP § 2113.)

Claim 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Marek (US Pat. 4,746,452).

Marek teaches a shaped detergent/soap bar having a cross-sectional area that varies along at least part of its length (Figs. 1-4).

The Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit, in *In re Thorpe*, 227 USPQ 964, held that determination of patentability in 'product-by-process' claims is based on the product itself, even though such claims are limited and defined by the process, and thus the product in such claim is unpatentable if it is the same as, or obvious from, the product of prior art, even if the prior product was made by a different process. (See MPEP § 2113.)

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The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Benitz, Haskell, Le Vier et al., Joshi et al., De Gaye, and Mottola all teach the basic state of the art.

Correspondence

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mark Eashoo, Ph.D. whose telephone number is (703) 308-3606. The examiner can normally be reached on 7am-3pm, Monday-Friday (alternate Fridays off).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jan Silbaugh can be reached on (703) 308-3829. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9310 for regular communications and (703) 872-9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

Mark Eashoo, Ph.D.

Primary Examiner

16/00/02

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me October 16, 2002